

26	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
27	59-7-614.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
28	59-7-614.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
29	59-7-614.7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 410
30	59-7-614.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
31	59-7-619, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
32	59-9-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 435
33	59-10-1012, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 405
34	59-10-1013, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
35	59-10-1014, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
36	59-10-1024, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
37	59-10-1029, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 410
38	59-10-1030, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
39	59-10-1034, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
40	59-10-1106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
41	59-10-1107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
42	59-10-1108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
43	59-13-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 223
44	63N-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 344 and renumbered and
45	amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
46	63N-2-213, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
47	63N-2-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
48	63N-2-810, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
49	ENACTS:
50	59-7-159 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	59-10-137 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
53	59-7-159 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	59-7-614.10 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	59-10-137 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	59-10-1036 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

	63N-2-213, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
	63N-2-810, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
	Section 1. Section 59-7-159 is enacted to read:
	59-7-159. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
Comn	nittee.
	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
<u>in Sut</u>	section (3) and make recommendations to the Legislature concerning whether the tax
credit	s should be continued, modified, or repealed.
	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
under	review to provide testimony;
	(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Development to present a summary
and ar	nalysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of
Econo	omic Development is required to make a report under this chapter; and
	(B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and
analys	sis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative
Fiscal	Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations under this section include an
evalua	ation of:
	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
	(v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
otherv	vise required by law.
	(3) (a) On or before November 30, 2016, and every three years after November 30,
2016,	the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits
allowe	ed under the following sections:
	(i) Section 59-7-605;

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              (ii) Section 59-7-610;
              (iii) Section 59-7-614;
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              (iv) Section 59-7-614.7;
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              (v) Section 59-7-614.8; and
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              (vi) Section 59-7-618.
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              (b) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after November 30, 2017,
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       the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
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       under the following sections:
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              (i) Section 59-7-601;
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              (ii) Section 59-7-607;
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              (iii) Section 59-7-612;
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              (iv) Section 59-7-614.1;
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              (v) Section 59-7-614.5; and
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              (vi) Section 59-7-614.6.
              (c) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30, 2018,
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       the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
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       under the following sections:
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              (i) Section 59-7-609;
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              (ii) Section 59-7-614.2;
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              (iii) Section 59-7-617;
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              (iv) Section 59-7-619; and
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              (v) Section 59-7-620.
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              (d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the committee shall
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       conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after January 1,
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       2016.
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              (ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
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       years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial review date.
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              Section 2. Section 59-7-612 is amended to read:
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              59-7-612. Tax credits for research activities conducted in the state -- Carry
       forward -- Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions --
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       Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
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119	(1) (a) A taxpayer meeting the requirements of this section may claim the following
120	nonrefundable tax credits:
121	(i) a research tax credit of 5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses for the
122	current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection (4);
123	(ii) a tax credit for a payment to a qualified organization for basic research as provided
124	in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code, of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the
125	base amount provided for under Subsection (4); and
126	(iii) a tax credit equal to 7.5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses for the
127	current taxable year.
128	(b) Subject to Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under:
129	(i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer incurs
130	the qualified research expenses; or
131	(ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer makes the payment
132	to the qualified organization.
133	(c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative
134	incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
135	(2) For purposes of claiming a tax credit under this section, a unitary group as defined
136	in Section 59-7-101 is considered to be one taxpayer.
137	(3) Except as specifically provided for in this section:
138	(a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in
139	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and
140	(b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating
141	the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).
142	(4) For purposes of this section:
143	(a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h),
144	Internal Revenue Code, except that:
145	(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental
146	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
147	(ii) a taxpayer's gross receipts include only those gross receipts attributable to sources
148	within this state as provided in Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income - Utah
149	UDITPA Provisions; and

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- 150 (iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating 151 the base amount, a taxpayer: 152 (A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B) 153 regardless of whether the taxpayer meets the requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II); 154 and 155 (B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection 156 (4)(a)(iii)(A);157 (b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except 158 that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state; 159 (c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except 160 that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state; 161 (d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b), Internal 162 Revenue Code, except that the term includes only: 163 (i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and 164 (ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and 165 (e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under 166 Section 41, Internal Revenue Code. 167 (5) (a) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under Subsection (1)(a)(i) or 168 (ii) exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the 169 tax credit exceeding the tax liability: 170 (i) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years; 171 and 172 (ii) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year. 173 (b) A taxpayer may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by Subsection (1)(a)(iii). 174 (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 175 commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for 176 qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for basic 177 research conducted in this state.
 - Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective.

commission shall report the modification or repeal to the Revenue and Taxation Interim

(7) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the

181	(8) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits
182	provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the
183	commission reports under Subsection (7) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41,
184	Internal Revenue Code.
185	(b) The review described in Subsection (8)(a) is in addition to the review required by
186	Section <u>59-7-159.</u>
187	[(b)] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim
188	Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only
189	modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the
190	termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
191	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under
192	this section:
193	(i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
194	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
195	(iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
196	(iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
197	(A) continued;
198	(B) modified; or
199	(C) repealed.
200	[(d)] (e) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits
201	provided for in this section, the committee shall issue a report [its] of the Revenue and
202	Taxation Interim Committee's findings [to the Legislative Management Committee on or
203	before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and Taxation Interim
204	Committee reviews the tax credits].
205	Section 3. Section 59-7-614 is amended to read:
206	59-7-614. Renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions Certification
207	Rulemaking authority Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
208	(1) As used in this section:
209	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
210	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
211	electrical energy; and

212	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(1)(A) by a separate
213	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
214	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
215	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
216	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
217	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
218	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage
219	(c) "Commercial energy system" means a system that is:
220	(i) (A) an active solar system;
221	(B) a biomass system;
222	(C) a direct use geothermal system;
223	(D) a geothermal electricity system;
224	(E) a geothermal heat pump system;
225	(F) a hydroenergy system;
226	(G) a passive solar system; or
227	(H) a wind system;
228	(ii) located in the state; and
229	(iii) used:
230	(A) to supply energy to a commercial unit; or
231	(B) as a commercial enterprise.
232	(d) "Commercial enterprise" means an entity, the purpose of which is to produce
233	electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy for sale from a commercial energy system.
234	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" means a building or structure that an entity uses to transact
235	business.
236	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
237	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a wind
238	system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit; or
239	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that an entity uses to transact
240	business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
241	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
242	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building.

243	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
244	(g) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
245	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
246	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
247	(h) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth.
248	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
249	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
250	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
251	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
252	(j) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
253	of:
254	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
255	energy; and
256	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
257	(k) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
258	(1) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of
259	a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of
260	heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources
261	available at the site.
262	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
263	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy.
264	(m) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
265	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a commercial energy system.
266	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
267	(A) an interest charge; or
268	(B) a maintenance expense.
269	(n) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
270	residential unit:
271	(i) an active solar system;
272	(ii) a biomass system;
273	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;

274 (iv) a geothermal heat pump system; 275 (v) a hydroenergy system; 276 (vi) a passive solar system; or 277 (vii) a wind system. 278 (o) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling 279 unit that: 280 (A) is located in the state; and 281 (B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family. 282 (ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under: 283 (A) Section 59-2-404; 284 (B) Section 59-2-405; 285 (C) Section 59-2-405.1; 286 (D) Section 59-2-405.2; or 287 (E) Section 59-2-405.3. (p) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of: 288 289 (i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and 290 (ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use, sale, 291 or storage. 292 (2) A taxpayer may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in this section 293 against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year. 294 (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a taxpayer may claim a 295 nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit the taxpayer 296 owns or uses if: 297 (i) the taxpayer: 298 (A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the 299 energy required for the residential unit; or 300 (B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of 301 the energy required for the residential unit; 302 (ii) the residential energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 303 1, 2007; and 304 (iii) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with

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- (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the reasonable costs of each residential energy system installed with respect to each residential unit the taxpayer owns or uses.
 - (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.
- (iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service.
- (iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years.
- (v) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) may not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
- (c) If a taxpayer sells a residential unit to another person before the taxpayer claims the tax credit under this Subsection (3):
 - (i) the taxpayer may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
- (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit; or
- (B) if the other person files a return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, the other person may claim the tax credit under Section 59-10-1014 as if the other person had met the requirements of Section 59-10-1014 to claim the tax credit.
- (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
 - (i) the commercial energy system does not use:
- (A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or
 - (B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- 332 (ii) the taxpayer purchases or participates in the financing of the commercial energy system;
- 334 (iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 335 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or

system as a commercial enterprise;

336 (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy 337 system as a commercial enterprise; 338 (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after 339 January 1, 2007; and 340 (v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (7). 341 342 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 10% of the 343 reasonable costs of the commercial energy system. 344 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may include installation costs. 345 (iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for the taxable year in 346 which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service. 347 (iv) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may not be carried forward or carried back. 348 (v) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (4) may 349 not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit. 350 (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(c)(ii) and (iii), a taxpayer that is a lessee of a 351 commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this 352 Subsection (4) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax 353 credit. 354 (ii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this 355 Subsection (4) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments. 356 (iii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease 357 358 begins, as stated in the lease agreement. 359 (5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a 360 refundable tax credit under this Subsection (5) with respect to a commercial energy system if: 361 (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass 362 equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; 363 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 364 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy 365

367	(iii) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after
368	January 1, 2007; and
369	(iv) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
370	Subsection (7).
371	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5)
372	is equal to the product of:
373	(A) 0.35 cents; and
374	(B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
375	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may be claimed for production occurring
376	during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy
377	system is placed in commercial service.
378	(iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may not be carried forward or carried back.
379	(c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial
380	unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor
381	irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
382	(6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a taxpayer may claim a
383	refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (6) if:
384	(i) the taxpayer owns a commercial energy system that uses solar equipment capable of
385	producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
386	(ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
387	commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
388	(B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy
389	system as a commercial enterprise;
390	(iii) the taxpayer does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (4);
391	(iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after
392	January 1, 2015; and
393	(v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
394	Subsection (7).
395	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (6)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (6)
396	is equal to the product of:
397	(A) 0.35 cents; and

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- 398 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
 - (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (6) may be claimed for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
 - (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (6) may not be carried forward or carried back.
 - (c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
 - (7) (a) Before a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section, the taxpayer shall obtain a written certification from the office.
 - (b) The office shall issue a taxpayer a written certification if the office determines that:
 - (i) the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
 - (ii) the residential energy system or commercial energy system with respect to which the taxpayer seeks to claim a tax credit:
 - (A) has been completely installed;
 - (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
 - (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential energy system or commercial energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
 - (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
 - (i) for determining whether a residential energy system or commercial energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (7)(b)(ii); and
 - (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3) or (4), establishing the reasonable costs of a residential energy system or a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
 - (d) A taxpayer that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
 - (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.

section:

429	(9) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
430	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
431	[(10) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue
432	and Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and
433	report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the
434	tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
435	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (10)(a)
436	shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of
437	the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit.]
438	Section 4. Section 59-7-614.2 is amended to read:
439	59-7-614.2. Refundable economic development tax credit.
440	(1) As used in this section:
441	(a) "Business entity" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of "business entity" as
442	defined in Section 63N-2-103.
443	(b) "Community development and renewal agency" [is as] means the same as that term
444	is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
445	(c) "Local government entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
446	63N-2-103.
447	(d) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
448	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity, local government
449	entity, or community development and renewal agency may claim a refundable tax credit for
450	economic development.
451	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
452	tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity, local government entity, or
453	community development and renewal agency for the taxable year.
454	(4) A community development and renewal agency may claim a tax credit under this
455	section only if a local government entity assigns the tax credit to the community development
456	and renewal agency in accordance with Section 63N-2-104.
457	(5) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
458	(5)(b), the commission shall make a refund to the following that claim a tax credit under this

460 (i) a local government entity; 461 (ii) a community development and renewal agency; or 462 (iii) a business entity if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax 463 liability for a taxable year. 464 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 465 commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity, 466 local government entity, or community development and renewal agency as required by 467 Subsection (5)(a). 468 (6) (a) [On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013] In 469 accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study 470 the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 471 Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 472 repealed. 473 (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide 474 the following information [to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]: 475 (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each business entity, local 476 government entity, or community development and renewal agency for each calendar year; (ii) the criteria that the office uses in granting a tax credit; 477 478 (iii) (A) for a business entity, the new state revenues generated by the business entity 479 for the calendar year; or 480 (B) for a local government entity, regardless of whether the local government entity 481 assigns the tax credit in accordance with Section 63N-2-104, the new state revenues generated 482 as a result of a new commercial project within the local government entity for each calendar 483 year; 484 (iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under 485 Section 63N-2-106; and 486 (v) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests. 487 (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the Revenue 488 and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (6)(a) include an 489 evaluation of:

(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;

491	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
492	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
493	Section 5. Section 59-7-614.5 is amended to read:
494	59-7-614.5. Refundable motion picture tax credit.
495	(1) As used in this section:
496	(a) "Motion picture company" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of a motion
497	picture company under Section 63N-8-102.
498	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
499	(c) "State-approved production" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
500	term is defined in Section 63N-8-102.
501	(2) For <u>a</u> taxable [years] year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture
502	company may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production.
503	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
504	tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section
505	63N-8-103 for the taxable year.
506	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
507	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax
508	credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's
509	tax liability for a taxable year.
510	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
511	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a motion picture
512	company as required by Subsection (4)(a).
513	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014] In
514	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
515	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
516	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
517	repealed.
518	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
519	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the
520	<u>Legislative Fiscal Analyst</u> :

(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each motion picture company for

522	each calendar year;
523	(ii) the criteria that the office uses in granting the tax credit;
524	(iii) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion
525	picture company for each calendar year;
526	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
527	Section 63N-8-105; and
528	(v) any other information requested by the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]
529	Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
530	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
531	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
532	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
533	office under Subsection (5)(b).
534	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
535	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
536	an evaluation of:
537	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
538	(ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and
539	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
540	Section 6. Section 59-7-614.7 is amended to read:
541	59-7-614.7. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.
542	(1) As used in this section:
543	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
544	63M-4-502.
545	(b) "Alternative energy project" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
546	Section 63M-4-502.
547	(c) "Office" [is as defined] means the Office of Energy Development created in Section
548	63M-4-401.
549	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
550	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.
551	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
552	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M. Chapter 4. Part 5. Alternative

553 Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year. 554 (4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a 555 period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if: 556 (a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a 557 taxable year; and 558 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability 559 under this chapter for that taxable year. 560 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In 561 accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 562 563 Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 564 repealed. 565 (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide 566 the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the 567 Legislative Fiscal Analyst: 568 (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for 569 each taxable year; 570 (ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project; 571 (iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under 572 Section 63M-4-505; and 573 (iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office 574 of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests. 575 (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and 576 577 analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the 578 office under Subsection (5)(b). 579 [(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the 580 Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include 581 an evaluation of: 582 (i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;

(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and

584	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
585	Section 7. Section 59-7-614.8 is amended to read:
586	59-7-614.8. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit.
587	(1) As used in this section:
588	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
589	63N-2-702.
590	(b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" [is as] means the same as that term is
591	defined in Section 63N-2-702.
592	(c) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
593	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
594	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this
595	section.
596	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
597	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative
598	Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
599	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
600	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
601	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
602	taxable year; and
603	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
604	under this chapter for that taxable year.
605	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In
606	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
607	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
608	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
609	repealed.
610	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
611	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the
612	<u>Legislative Fiscal Analyst</u> :
613	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
614	each taxable year;

615	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project;
616	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
617	Section [63N-2-705] <u>63N-1-301</u> ; and
618	(iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office
619	of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
620	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
621	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
622	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
623	office under Subsection (5)(b).
624	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
625	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
626	an evaluation of:
627	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
628	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
629	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
630	Section 8. Section 59-7-619 is amended to read:
631	59-7-619. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
632	(1) As used in this section:
633	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
634	63M-4-602.
635	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in
636	Section 63M-4-602.
637	(c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
638	63M-4-602.
639	(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
640	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a corporation that is an infrastructure
641	cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for development of a high cost
642	infrastructure project as provided in this section.
643	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
644	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost
645	Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the

646 taxable yea

- (4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
- (a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year; and
- (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
- (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020] In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
- (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
- (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure cost-burdened entity for each taxable year;
 - (ii) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure project;
- (iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under Section 63M-4-505; and
- (iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
- (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under Subsection (5)(b).
- [(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
 - (i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
- (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and

677	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
678	Section 9. Section 59-9-107 is amended to read:
679	59-9-107. Nonrefundable small business jobs credit.
680	(1) As used in this section:
681	(a) "Credit allowance date" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
682	63N-2-602.
683	(b) "Office" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-1-102.
684	(c) "Tax credit certificate" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
685	63N-2-602.
686	(2) An entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against a tax liability under this
687	chapter in accordance with this section if the entity is issued a tax credit certificate by the office
688	under Subsection 63N-2-603(11). The office shall issue a tax credit certificate to an entity that
689	is allocated tax credits under Subsection 63N-2-603(11)(e).
690	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
691	tax credit certificate issued to the entity for the calendar year.
692	(4) An entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for seven years if:
693	(a) the entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a calendar year; and
694	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the entity's tax liability under this chapter for
695	that calendar year.
696	(5) An entity required to pay a retaliatory tax levied under this chapter for a reason
697	other than claiming the tax credit may claim the tax credit after the retaliatory tax amount is
698	calculated, and the tax credit may be used to offset retaliatory tax liability.
699	(6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, this section does not apply to
700	an admitted insurer to the extent that the admitted insurer writes workers' compensation
701	insurance in this state and has premiums taxed under Subsection 59-9-101(2).
702	(7) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30,
703	2018, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by
704	this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
705	continued, modified, or repealed.
706	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and
707	Taxation Interim Committee shall:

708	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
709	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
710	under review to provide testimony;
711	(iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations
712	under this section include an evaluation of:
713	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
714	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
715	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
716	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
717	Taxation Interim Committee.
718	Section 10. Section 59-10-137 is enacted to read:
719	59-10-137. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
720	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
721	Committee.
722	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
723	in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
724	continued, modified, or repealed.
725	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
726	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
727	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
728	under review to provide testimony;
729	(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Development to present a summary
730	and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of
731	Economic Development is required to make a report under this chapter; and
732	(B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and
733	analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative
734	Fiscal Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
735	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations under this section include an
736	evaluation of:
737	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
738	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and

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              (C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
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              (v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
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       otherwise required by law.
              (3) (a) On or before November 30, 2016, and every three years after November 30,
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       2016, the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits
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       allowed under the following sections:
745
              (i) Section 59-10-1007;
746
              (ii) Section 59-10-1009;
747
              (iii) Section 59-10-1014;
748
              (iv) Section 59-10-1017;
749
              (v) Section 59-10-1018;
750
              (vi) Section 59-10-1019;
751
              (vii) Section 59-10-1024;
752
              (viii) Section 59-10-1029;
753
              (ix) Section 59-10-1030;
754
              (x) Section 59-10-1033; and
755
              (xi) Section 59-10-1106.
              (b) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after November 30, 2017,
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757
       the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
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       under the following sections:
759
              (i) Section 59-10-1004;
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              (ii) Section 59-10-1010;
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              (iii) Section 59-10-1015;
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              (iv) Section 59-10-1025;
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              (v) Section 59-10-1027;
764
              (vi) Section 59-10-1031;
765
              (vii) Section 59-10-1032;
766
              (viii) Section 59-10-1035;
767
              (ix) Section 59-10-1104;
768
              (x) Section 59-10-1105;
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              (xi) Section 59-10-1108; and
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//0	(xii) Section 59-10-1109.
771	(c) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30, 2018,
772	the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
773	under the following sections:
774	(i) Section 59-10-1005;
775	(ii) Section 59-10-1006;
776	(iii) Section 59-10-1012;
777	(iv) Section 59-10-1013;
778	(v) Section 59-10-1021;
779	(vi) Section 59-10-1022;
780	(vii) Section 59-10-1023;
781	(viii) Section 59-10-1028;
782	(ix) Section 59-10-1034; and
783	(x) Section <u>59-10-1107.</u>
784	(d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the committee shall
785	conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after January 1,
786	<u>2016.</u>
787	(ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
788	years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial review date.
789	Section 11. Section 59-10-1012 is amended to read:
790	59-10-1012. Tax credits for research activities conducted in the state Carry
791	forward Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions
792	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
793	(1) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust meeting the requirements of this section may claim
794	the following nonrefundable tax credits:
795	(i) a research tax credit of 5% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research
796	expenses for the current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under
797	Subsection (3);
798	(ii) a tax credit for a payment to a qualified organization for basic research as provided
799	in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the base
800	amount provided for under Subsection (3); and

801	(iii) a tax credit equal to 7.5% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research
802	expenses for the current taxable year.
803	(b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under:
804	(i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate,
805	or trust incurs the qualified research expenses; or
	• •
806	(ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust
807	makes the payment to the qualified organization.
808	(c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative
809	incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
810	(2) Except as specifically provided for in this section:
811	(a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in
812	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and
813	(b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating
814	the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).
815	(3) For purposes of this section:
816	(a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h),
817	Internal Revenue Code, except that:
818	(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental
819	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
820	(ii) a claimant's, estate's, or trust's gross receipts include only those gross receipts
821	attributable to sources within this state as provided in Section 59-10-118; and
822	(iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating
823	the base amount, a claimant, estate, or trust:
824	(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B),
825	Internal Revenue Code, regardless of whether the claimant, estate, or trust meets the
826	requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II), Internal Revenue Code; and
827	(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
828	(3)(a)(iii)(A);
829	(b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
830	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state;
831	(c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except

- 832 that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state; 833 (d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b), Internal 834 Revenue Code, except that the term includes only: 835 (i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and 836 (ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and 837 (e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under 838 Section 41, Internal Revenue Code. 839 (4) (a) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under 840 Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii) exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this 841 chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability: 842 (i) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years; 843 and 844 (ii) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year. 845 (b) A claimant, estate, or trust may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by 846 Subsection (1)(a)(iii). 847 (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 848 commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for 849 qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for basic 850 research conducted in this state. (6) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the 851 852 commission shall report the modification or repeal to the Revenue and Taxation Interim 853 Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective. 854 (7) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits 855 provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the 856 commission reports under Subsection (6) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, 857 Internal Revenue Code. 858 (b) The review described in Subsection (7)(a) is in addition to the review required by 859 Section 59-10-137. 860
 - [(b)] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the

863	termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
864	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under
865	this section:
866	(i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
867	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
868	(iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
869	(iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
870	(A) continued;
871	(B) modified; or
872	(C) repealed.
873	[(d)] (e) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits
874	provided for in this section, the committee shall <u>issue a</u> report [its] of the Revenue and
875	<u>Taxation Interim Committee's</u> findings [to the Legislative Management Committee on or
876	before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and Taxation Interim
877	Committee reviews the tax credits].
878	Section 12. Section 59-10-1013 is amended to read:
879	59-10-1013. Tax credits for machinery, equipment, or both primarily used for
880	conducting qualified research or basic research Carry forward Commission to report
881	modification or repeal of certain federal provisions Revenue and Taxation Interim
882	Committee study.
883	(1) As used in this section:
884	(a) "Basic research" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(7),
885	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only basic research conducted in this
886	state.
887	(b) "Equipment" includes:
888	(i) a computer;
889	(ii) computer equipment; and
890	(iii) computer software.
891	(c) "Purchase price":
892	(i) includes the cost of installing an item of machinery or equipment; and
893	(ii) does not include a tax imposed under Chapter 12 Sales and Use Tax Act on an

item of machinery or equipment.

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- (d) "Qualified organization" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(6), Internal Revenue Code.
- (e) "Qualified research" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), for <u>a</u> taxable [<u>years</u>] <u>year</u> beginning on or after January 1, 1999, but beginning before December 31, 2010, a claimant, estate, or trust meeting the requirements of this section may claim the following nonrefundable tax credits:
 - (i) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price of machinery, equipment, or both:
 - (A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
 - (B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and
 - (C) that is primarily used to conduct qualified research in this state; and
- (ii) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price paid by the claimant, estate, or trust for machinery, equipment, or both:
 - (A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
 - (B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
 - (C) that is donated to a qualified organization; and
 - (D) that is primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
- (b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust purchases the machinery, equipment, or both.
- (c) If a claimant, estate, or trust qualifies for a tax credit under Subsection (2)(a) for a purchase of machinery, equipment, or both, the claimant, estate, or trust may not claim the tax credit or carry the tax credit forward if the machinery, equipment, or both, is primarily used to conduct qualified research in the state for a time period that is less than 12 consecutive months.
- (3) Notwithstanding Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code, a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
- (4) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this section exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability:

925	(a) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
926	and
927	(b) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
928	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
929	commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for
930	qualified organizations to ensure that machinery, equipment, or both provided to the qualified
931	organization is to be primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
932	(6) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the
933	commission shall report the modification or repeal to the Revenue and Taxation Interim
934	Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective.
935	(7) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits
936	provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the
937	commission reports under Subsection (6) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41,
938	Internal Revenue Code.
939	(b) The review described in Subsection (7)(a) is in addition to the review required by
940	Section 59-10-137.
941	[(b)] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim
942	Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only
943	modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the
944	termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
945	[(e)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under
946	this section the:
947	(i) cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
948	(ii) purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
949	(iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
950	(iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
951	(A) continued;
952	(B) modified; or
953	(C) repealed.
954	[(d)] (e) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits
955	provided for in this section, the committee shall issue a report [its] of the Revenue and

956	<u>Taxation Interim Committee's</u> findings [to the Legislative Management Committee on or
957	before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and Taxation Interim
958	Committee reviews the tax credits].
959	Section 13. Section 59-10-1014 is amended to read:
960	59-10-1014. Nonrefundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
961	Certification Rulemaking authority Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study
962	(1) As used in this section:
963	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
964	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
965	electrical energy; and
966	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
967	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
968	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
969	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
970	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
971	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
972	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage
973	(c) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
974	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building
975	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
976	(d) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
977	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
978	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
979	(e) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth
980	(f) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
981	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
982	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
983	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
984	(g) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
985	of:
986	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical

98/	energy; and
988	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
989	(h) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
990	(i) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of
991	a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of
992	heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources
993	available at the site.
994	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
995	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy.
996	(j) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
997	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a residential energy system.
998	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
999	(A) an interest charge; or
1000	(B) a maintenance expense.
1001	(k) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
1002	residential unit:
1003	(i) an active solar system;
1004	(ii) a biomass system;
1005	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;
1006	(iv) a geothermal heat pump system;
1007	(v) a hydroenergy system;
1008	(vi) a passive solar system; or
1009	(vii) a wind system.
1010	(l) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling
1011	unit that:
1012	(A) is located in the state; and
1013	(B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family.
1014	(ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under:
1015	(A) Section 59-2-404;
1016	(B) Section 59-2-405;
1017	(C) Section 59-2-405.1;

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taxable years.

1018 (D) Section 59-2-405.2; or 1019 (E) Section 59-2-405.3. 1020 (m) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of: 1021 (i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and 1022 (ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use or 1023 storage. 1024 (2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in 1025 this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year. 1026 (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust 1027 may claim a nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit 1028 the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses if: 1029 (i) the claimant, estate, or trust: 1030 (A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the 1031 energy required for the residential unit; or (B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of 1032 1033 the energy required for the residential unit; 1034 (ii) the residential energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1035 1, 2007; and 1036 (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 1037 accordance with Subsection (4). 1038 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (vi), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the reasonable costs of each residential energy system installed with respect to each residential 1039 1040 unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses. 1041 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs. 1042 (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the 1043 taxable year in which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service. 1044 (iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a claimant's, 1045 estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit 1046 exceeding the liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next four

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(v) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this

- Subsection (3) may not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
 - (vi) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit with respect to additional residential energy systems or parts of residential energy systems for a subsequent taxable year if the total amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust claims does not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
 - (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that leases a residential energy system installed on a residential unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
 - (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim as a tax credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
 - (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
 - (d) If a claimant, estate, or trust sells a residential unit to another person before the claimant, estate, or trust claims the tax credit under this Subsection (3):
 - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
 - (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the other person may claim the tax credit as if the other person had met the requirements of Section 59-7-614 to claim the tax credit; or
 - (B) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit.
 - (4) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
 - (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
 - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
 - (ii) the office determines that the residential energy system with respect to which the

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1080	claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
1081	(A) has been completely installed;
1082	(B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
1083	(C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential
1084	energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate
1085	and economic manner.
1086	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1087	office may make rules:
1088	(i) for determining whether a residential energy system meets the requirements of
1089	Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
1090	(ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs
1091	of a residential energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
1092	(d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall
1093	retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records
1094	under Section 59-1-1406.
1095	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1096	commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
1097	(6) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
1098	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
1099	(7) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section
1100	59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this
1101	section for that purchase.
1102	[(8) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue and
1103	Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and report its
1104	recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax credit
1105	should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
1106	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (8)(a)
1107	shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of

59-10-1024. Nonrefundable tax credit for qualifying solar projects.

the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit.]

Section 14. Section **59-10-1024** is amended to read:

1111	(1) As used in this section:
1112	(a) "Active solar system" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1113	59-10-1014.
1114	(b) "Purchaser" means a claimant, estate, or trust that purchases one or more solar units
1115	from a qualifying political subdivision.
1116	(c) "Qualifying political subdivision" means:
1117	(i) a city or town in this state;
1118	(ii) an interlocal entity created under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act;
1119	or
1120	(iii) a special service district created under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
1121	District Act.
1122	(d) "Qualifying solar project" means the portion of an active solar system:
1123	(i) that a qualifying political subdivision:
1124	(A) constructs;
1125	(B) controls; or
1126	(C) owns;
1127	(ii) with respect to which the qualifying political subdivision described in Subsection
1128	(1)(c)(i) sells one or more solar units; and
1129	(iii) that generates electrical output that is furnished:
1130	(A) to one or more residential units; or
1131	(B) for the benefit of one or more residential units.
1132	(e) "Residential unit" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1133	59-10-1014.
1134	(f) "Solar unit" means a portion of the electrical output:
1135	(i) of a qualifying solar project;
1136	(ii) that a qualifying political subdivision sells to a purchaser; and
1137	(iii) the purchase of which requires that the purchaser agree to bear a proportionate
1138	share of the expense of the qualifying solar project:
1139	(A) in accordance with a written agreement between the purchaser and the qualifying
1140	political subdivision;
1141	(B) in exchange for a credit on the purchaser's electrical bill; and

1142 (C) as determined by a formula established by the qualifying political subdivision. 1143 (2) Subject to Subsection (3), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a 1144 purchaser may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to the product of: 1145 (a) the amount the purchaser pays to purchase one or more solar units during the 1146 taxable year; and 1147 (b) 25%. (3) For a taxable year, a tax credit under this section may not exceed \$2,000 on a 1148 1149 return. 1150 (4) A purchaser may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does 1151 not exceed the next four taxable years if: 1152 (a) the purchaser is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year; 1153 and 1154 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the purchaser's tax liability under this chapter 1155 for that taxable year. (5) Subject to Section 59-10-1014, a tax credit under this section is in addition to any 1156 1157 other tax credit allowed by this chapter. 1158 [(6) (a) On or before October 1, 2012, and every five years after October 1, 2012, the 1159 Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credit allowed by this section 1160 and report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether 1161 the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed. 1162 [(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (6)(a) 1163 shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of 1164 the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit. 1165 Section 15. Section **59-10-1029** is amended to read: 1166 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. 1167 (1) As used in this section: 1168 (a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 1169 63M-4-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in 1170 1171 Section 63M-4-502. (c) "Office" [is as defined] means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 1172

1173	63M-4-401
11/3	03101-4-401

- (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.
- (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 5, Alternative Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
- (4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
- (a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year; and
- (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
- (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
- (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
- (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for each taxable year;
 - (ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;
- (iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under Section 63M-4-505; and
- (iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
- (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under Subsection (5)(b).

1204	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
1205	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
1206	an evaluation of:
1207	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1208	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1209	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1210	Section 16. Section 59-10-1030 is amended to read:
1211	59-10-1030. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit.
1212	(1) As used in this section:
1213	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1214	63N-2-702.
1215	(b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" [is as] means the same as that term is
1216	defined in Section 63N-2-702.
1217	(c) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1218	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
1219	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this
1220	section.
1221	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
1222	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative
1223	Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
1224	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
1225	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
1226	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
1227	taxable year; and
1228	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
1229	under this chapter for that taxable year.
1230	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In
1231	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
1232	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
1233	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
1234	repealed.

1235	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
1236	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the
1237	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
1238	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
1239	each taxable year;
1240	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project
1241	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1242	Section 63N-2-705; and
1243	(iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office
1244	of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1245	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
1246	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1247	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1248	office under Subsection (5)(b).
1249	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
1250	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1251	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1252	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1253	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1254	Section 17. Section 59-10-1034 is amended to read:
1255	59-10-1034. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
1256	(1) As used in this section:
1257	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1258	63M-4-602.
1259	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in
1260	Section 63M-4-602.
1261	(c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1262	63M-4-602.
1263	(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
1264	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a claimant, estate, or trust that is an
1265	infrastructure cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for development of a

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- high cost infrastructure project as provided in this section.
- 1267 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
 1268 tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost
 1269 Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the
 1270 taxable year.
 - (4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
 - (a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year; and
 - (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
 - (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020] In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
 - (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
 - (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure cost-burdened entity for each taxable year;
 - (ii) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure project;
 - (iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under Section 63M-4-505; and
 - (iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
 - (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under Subsection (5)(b).
- 1296 [(e)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue

1297	and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an
1298	evaluation of:
1299	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1300	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1301	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1302	Section 18. Section 59-10-1106 is amended to read:
1303	59-10-1106. Refundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
1304	Certification Rulemaking authority Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study
1305	(1) As used in this section:
1306	(a) "Active solar system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1307	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1308	(b) "Biomass system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1309	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1310	(c) "Commercial energy system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1311	term is defined in Section 59-7-614.
1312	(d) "Commercial enterprise" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1313	defined in Section 59-7-614.
1314	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1315	defined in Section 59-7-614.
1316	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
1317	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a
1318	wind system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit;
1319	or
1320	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that a claimant, estate, or trust uses
1321	to transact business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
1322	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1323	term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1324	(g) "Geothermal electricity" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1325	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1326	(h) "Geothermal energy" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1327	defined in Section 59-10-1014.

1328 (i) "Geothermal heat pump system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that 1329 term is defined in Section 59-10-1014. 1330 (i) "Hydroenergy system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is 1331 defined in Section 59-10-1014. 1332 (k) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401. 1333 (1) "Passive solar system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is 1334 defined in Section 59-10-1014. 1335 (m) "Principal recovery portion" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that 1336 term is defined in Section 59-10-1014. 1337 (n) "Wind system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in 1338 Section 59-10-1014. 1339 (2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in 1340 this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year. (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust 1341 may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a commercial 1342 1343 energy system if: 1344 (i) the commercial energy system does not use: 1345 (A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a 1346 total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or 1347 (B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity; 1348 (ii) the claimant, estate, or trust purchases or participates in the financing of the 1349 commercial energy system; 1350 (iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or 1351 1352 (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the 1353 commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after 1354 1355 January 1, 2007; and 1356 (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 1357 accordance with Subsection (6). 1358 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 10% of the

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accordance with Subsection (6).

- 1359 reasonable costs of the commercial energy system. 1360 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs. 1361 (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the 1362 taxable year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service. 1363 (iv) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may not be carried forward or carried back. 1364 (v) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this Subsection (3) may not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit. 1365 1366 (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that is a 1367 lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit 1368 under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably 1369 elects not to claim the tax credit. 1370 (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim as a tax 1371 credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments. 1372 (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit 1373 under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the 1374 lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement. (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust 1375 1376 may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial 1377 energy system if: 1378 (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass 1379 equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; 1380 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 1381 commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or 1382 (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the 1383 commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; 1384 (iii) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2007; and 1385
- 1389 is equal to the product of:

(iv) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in

(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (4)

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1390 (A) 0.35 cents; and 1391 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year. 1392 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may be claimed for production occurring 1393 during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy 1394 system is placed in commercial service. 1395 (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may not be carried forward or back. 1396 (c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed 1397 on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) if the claimant, estate, or 1398 trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit. 1399 (5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a claimant, estate, or trust 1400 may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (5) if: 1401 (i) the claimant, estate, or trust owns a commercial energy system that uses solar 1402 equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity: 1403 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 1404 commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or 1405 (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the 1406 commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (3): 1407 1408 (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after 1409 January 1, 2015; and 1410 (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 1411 accordance with Subsection (6). 1412 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5) 1413 is equal to the product of: 1414 (A) 0.35 cents; and 1415 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year. 1416 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may be claimed for production occurring 1417 during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy 1418 system is placed in commercial service.

(iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may not be carried forward or carried back.

(c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed

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- on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
 - (6) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
 - (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
 - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
 - (ii) the office determines that the commercial energy system with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
 - (A) has been completely installed;
 - (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
 - (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the commercial energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
 - (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
 - (i) for determining whether a commercial energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii); and
 - (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs of a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
 - (d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
 - (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
 - (8) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
 - (9) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section 59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this section for that purchase.

1452	[(10) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue
1453	and Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and
1454	report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the
1455	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
1456	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (10)(a)
1457	shall include information concerning the cost of the credit, the purpose and effectiveness of the
1458	credit, and the state's benefit from the credit.]
1459	Section 19. Section 59-10-1107 is amended to read:
1460	59-10-1107. Refundable economic development tax credit.
1461	(1) As used in this section:
1462	(a) "Business entity" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the definition of
1463	["]business entity["] as defined in Section 63N-2-103.
1464	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1465	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
1466	refundable tax credit for economic development.
1467	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
1468	tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the taxable year.
1469	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
1470	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a business entity that claims a tax credit under
1471	this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax liability for a
1472	taxable year.
1473	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1474	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity as
1475	required by Subsection (4)(a).
1476	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013] In
1477	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
1478	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
1479	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
1480	repealed.
1481	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
1482	the following information [to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]:

1483	(1) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1484	(ii) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit;
1485	(iii) the new state revenues generated by each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1486	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1487	Section 63N-2-106; and
1488	(v) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.
1489	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the Revenue
1490	and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an
1491	evaluation of:
1492	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1493	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1494	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1495	Section 20. Section 59-10-1108 is amended to read:
1496	59-10-1108. Refundable motion picture tax credit.
1497	(1) As used in this section:
1498	(a) "Motion picture company" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the
1499	definition of a motion picture company under Section 63N-8-102.
1500	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1501	(c) "State-approved production" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1502	term is defined in Section 63N-8-102.
1503	(2) For <u>a</u> taxable [years] year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture
1504	company may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production.
1505	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
1506	tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section
1507	63N-8-103 for the taxable year.
1508	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
1509	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax
1510	credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's
1511	tax liability for the taxable year.
1512	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1513	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a motion picture

1514	company as required by Subsection (4)(a).
1515	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014,] In
1516	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
1517	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
1518	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
1519	repealed.
1520	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
1521	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the
1522	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
1523	(i) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1524	(ii) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit;
1525	(iii) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion
1526	picture company for each calendar year;
1527	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1528	Section 63N-8-105; and
1529	(v) any other information requested by the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]
1530	Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
1531	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
1532	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1533	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1534	office under Subsection (5)(b).
1535	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
1536	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
1537	an evaluation of:
1538	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1539	(ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1540	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1541	Section 21. Section 59-13-202 is amended to read:
1542	59-13-202. Refund of tax for agricultural uses on individual income and
1543	corporate franchise and income tax returns Application for permit for refund
1544	Division of Finance to pay claims Rules permitted to enforce part Penalties.

1545 (1) As used in this section: 1546 (a) (i) Except at provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), "claimant" means a resident or 1547 nonresident person. 1548 (ii) "Claimant" does not include an estate or trust. 1549 (b) "Estate" means a nonresident estate or a resident estate. 1550 (c) "Refundable tax credit" or "tax credit" means a tax credit that a claimant, estate, or 1551 trust may claim: 1552 (i) as provided by statute; and 1553 (ii) regardless of whether, for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust 1554 claims the tax credit, the claimant, estate, or trust has a tax liability under: 1555 (A) Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or 1556 (B) Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act. 1557 (d) "Trust" means a nonresident trust or a resident trust. 1558 (2) Any claimant, estate, or trust that purchases and uses any motor fuel within the state 1559 for the purpose of operating or propelling stationary farm engines and self-propelled farm 1560 machinery used for nonhighway agricultural uses, and that has paid the tax on the motor fuel as 1561 provided by this part, is entitled to a refund of the tax subject to the conditions and limitations 1562 provided under this part. 1563 (3) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust desiring a nonhighway agricultural use refund under 1564 this part shall claim the refund as a refundable tax credit on the tax return the claimant, estate, 1565 or trust files under: 1566 (i) Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or (ii) Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act. 1567 1568 (b) A claimant, estate, or trust not subject to filing a tax return described in Subsection 1569 (3)(a) shall obtain a permit and file claims on a calendar year basis. 1570 (c) Any claimant, estate, or trust claiming a refundable tax credit under this section is 1571 required to furnish any or all of the information outlined in this section upon request of the 1572 commission. 1573 (d) A refundable tax credit under this section is allowed only on purchases on which 1574 tax is paid during the taxable year covered by the tax return.

(4) In order to obtain a permit for a refund of motor fuel tax paid, an application shall

be filed containing:

- (a) the name of the claimant, estate, or trust;
 - (b) the claimant's, estate's, or trust's address;
- (c) location and number of acres owned and operated, location and number of acres rented and operated, the latter of which shall be verified by a signed statement from the legal owner;
 - (d) number of acres planted to each crop, type of soil, and whether irrigated or dry; and
- (e) make, size, type of fuel used, and power rating of each piece of equipment using fuel. If the claimant, estate, or trust is an operator of self-propelled or tractor-pulled farm machinery with which the claimant, estate, or trust works for hire doing custom jobs for other farmers, the application shall include information the commission requires and shall all be contained in, and be considered part of, the original application. The claimant, estate, or trust shall also file with the application a certificate from the county assessor showing each piece of equipment using fuel. This original application and all information contained in it constitutes a permanent file with the commission in the name of the claimant, estate, or trust.
- (5) Any claimant, estate, or trust claiming the right to a refund of motor fuel tax paid shall file a claim with the commission by April 15 of each year for the refund for the previous calendar year. The claim shall state the name and address of the claimant, estate, or trust, the number of gallons of motor fuel purchased for nonhighway agricultural uses, and the amount paid for the motor fuel. The claimant, estate, or trust shall retain the original invoice to support the claim. No more than one claim for a tax refund may be filed annually by each user of motor fuel purchased for nonhighway agricultural uses.
- (6) Upon commission approval of the claim for a refund, the Division of Finance shall pay the amount found due to the claimant, estate, or trust. The total amount of claims for refunds shall be paid from motor fuel taxes.
- (7) The commission may [promulgate] make rules to enforce this part[-] and may refuse to accept as evidence of purchase or payment any instruments [which] that show alteration or [which] that fail to indicate the quantity of the purchase, the price of the motor fuel, a statement that it is purchased for purposes other than transportation, and the date of purchase and delivery. If the commission is not satisfied with the evidence submitted in connection with the claim, it may reject the claim or require additional evidence.

1607	(8) Any claimant, estate, or trust aggrieved by the decision of the commission with
1608	respect to a refundable tax credit or refund may file a request for agency action, requesting a
1609	hearing before the commission.
1610	(9) Any claimant, estate, or trust that makes any false claim, report, or statement, as
1611	claimant, estate, trust, agent, or creditor, with intent to defraud or secure a refund to which the
1612	claimant, estate, or trust is not entitled, is subject to the criminal penalties provided under
1613	Section 59-1-401, and the commission shall initiate the filing of a complaint for alleged
1614	violations of this part. In addition to these penalties, the claimant, estate, or trust may not
1615	receive any refund as a claimant, estate, or trust or as a creditor of a claimant, estate, or trust for
1616	refund for a period of five years.
1617	(10) Refunds to which a claimant, estate, or trust is entitled under this part shall be paid
1618	from the Transportation Fund.
1619	(11) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after November 30,
1620	2017, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by
1621	this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
1622	continued, modified, or repealed.
1623	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (11)(a), the Revenue and
1624	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
1625	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
1626	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under
1627	review to provide testimony;
1628	(iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations
1629	under this section include an evaluation of:
1630	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1631	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1632	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
1633	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1634	<u>Taxation Interim Committee.</u>
1635	Section 22. Section 63N-2-106 is amended to read:
1636	63N-2-106. Reports Posting monthly and annual reports Audit and study of
1637	tax credits.

1638 (1) The office shall include the following information in the annual written report 1639 described in Section 63N-1-301: 1640 (a) the office's success in attracting new commercial projects to development zones 1641 under this part and the corresponding increase in new incremental jobs; 1642 (b) how many new incremental jobs and high paying jobs are employees of a company 1643 that received tax credits under this part, including the number of employees who work for a 1644 third-party rather than directly for a company, receiving the tax credits under this part; (c) the estimated amount of tax credit commitments made by the office and the period 1645 1646 of time over which tax credits will be paid; 1647 (d) the economic impact on the state from new state revenues and the provision of tax 1648 credits under this part; 1649 (e) the estimated costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments made by 1650 the office: 1651 (f) the actual costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments made by the 1652 office; and 1653 (g) tax credit commitments made by the office, with the associated calculation. 1654 (2) Each month, the office shall post on its website and on a state website: 1655 (a) the new tax credit commitments made by the office during the previous month; and 1656 (b) the estimated costs and economic benefits of those tax credit commitments. 1657 (3) (a) On or before November 1, 2014, and every three years after November 1, 2014, 1658 the office shall: 1659 (i) conduct an audit of the tax credits allowed under Section 63N-2-105; 1660 (ii) study the tax credits allowed under Section 63N-2-105; and 1661 (iii) make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued, 1662 modified, or repealed. 1663 (b) The audit shall include an evaluation of: 1664 (i) the cost of the tax credits; 1665 (ii) the purposes and effectiveness of the tax credits; 1666 (iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits; and 1667 (iv) the state's return on investment under this part measured by new state revenues. 1668 compared with the costs of tax credits provided and GOED's expenses in administering this

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Revenue Code;

1669	part.
1670	(c) The office shall provide the results of the audit described in this Subsection (3):
1671	(i) in the written annual report described in Subsection (1); and
1672	(ii) as part of the review described in Sections 59-7-159 and 59-10-137.
1673	Section 23. Section 63N-2-213 is amended to read:
1674	63N-2-213. State tax credits.
1675	(1) Subject to the limitations of Subsections (2) through (4), the following
1676	nonrefundable tax credits against a tax under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and
1677	Income Taxes, or Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, are applicable in an
1678	enterprise zone:
1679	(a) a tax credit of \$750 may be claimed by a business entity for each new full-time
1680	employee position created within the enterprise zone;
1681	(b) an additional \$500 tax credit may be claimed if the new full-time employee position
1682	created within the enterprise zone pays at least 125% of:
1683	(i) the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage for the respective industry
1684	as determined by the Department of Workforce Services; or
1685	(ii) if the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage is not available for the
1686	respective industry, the total average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage in the respective
1687	county where the enterprise zone is located;
1688	(c) an additional tax credit of \$750 may be claimed if the new full-time employee
1689	position created within the enterprise zone is in a business entity that adds value to agricultural
1690	commodities through manufacturing or processing;
1691	(d) an additional tax credit of \$200 may be claimed for two consecutive years for each
1692	new full-time employee position created within the enterprise zone that is filled by an
1693	employee who is insured under an employer-sponsored health insurance program if the
1694	employer pays at least 50% of the premium cost for the year for which the credit is claimed;
1695	(e) a tax credit of 50% of the value of a cash contribution to a private nonprofit
1696	corporation, except that the credit claimed may not exceed \$100,000:
1697	(i) that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal

(ii) whose primary purpose is community and economic development; and

- 1700 (iii) that has been accredited by the Governor's Rural Partnership Board;
 - (f) a tax credit of 25% of the first \$200,000 spent on rehabilitating a building in the enterprise zone that has been vacant for two years or more; and
 - (g) an annual investment tax credit of 10% of the first \$250,000 in investment, and 5% of the next \$1,000,000 qualifying investment in plant, equipment, or other depreciable property.
 - (2) (a) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (2)(b), a business entity claiming tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (d) may claim the tax credits for up to 30 full-time employee positions per taxable year.
 - (b) A business entity that received a tax credit for one or more new full-time employee positions under Subsections (1)(a) through (d) in a prior taxable year may claim a tax credit for a new full-time employee position in a subsequent taxable year under Subsections (1)(a) through (d) if:
 - (i) the business entity has created a new full-time position within the enterprise zone; and
 - (ii) the total number of full-time employee positions at the business entity at any point during the tax year for which the tax credit is being claimed is greater than the number of full-time employee positions that existed at the business entity at any point during the taxable year immediately preceding the taxable year for which the credit is being claimed.
 - (c) Construction jobs are not eligible for the tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (d).
 - (3) If the amount of a tax credit under this section exceeds a business entity's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the business entity may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable years.
 - (4) Tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (g) may not be claimed by a business entity primarily engaged in retail trade or by a public utilities business.
 - (5) A business entity that has no employees:
 - (a) may not claim tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (d); and
- (b) may claim tax credits under Subsections (1)(e) through (g).
- 1730 (6) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this

1/31	part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business
1732	income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.
1733	(7) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30,
1734	2018, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by
1735	this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
1736	continued, modified, or repealed.
1737	(b) In conducting the review required under this Subsection (7), the Revenue and
1738	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
1739	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
1740	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under
1741	review to provide testimony;
1742	(iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations
1743	under this section include an evaluation of:
1744	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1745	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1746	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
1747	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1748	<u>Taxation Interim Committee.</u>
1749	Section 24. Section 63N-2-305 is amended to read:
1750	63N-2-305. Targeted business income tax credit structure Duties of the local
1751	zone administrator Duties of the State Tax Commission.
1752	(1) A business applicant that is certified under Subsection 63N-2-304(3) and issued a
1753	targeted business tax credit eligibility form by the office under Subsection (8) may claim a
1754	refundable tax credit:
1755	(a) against the business applicant's tax liability under:
1756	(i) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or
1757	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
1758	(b) subject to requirements and limitations provided by this part.
1759	(2) The total amount of the targeted business income tax credits allowed under this part
1760	for all business applicants may not exceed \$300,000 in any fiscal year.
1761	(3) (a) A targeted business income tax credit allowed under this part for each

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1762 community investment project provided by a business applicant may not:

- (i) be claimed by a business applicant for more than seven consecutive taxable years from the date the business applicant first qualifies for a targeted business income tax credit on the basis of a community investment project;
 - (ii) be carried forward or carried back;
- (iii) exceed \$100,000 in total amount for the community investment project period during which the business applicant is eligible to claim a targeted business income tax credit; or
- 1770 (iv) exceed in any year that the targeted business income tax credit is claimed the lesser 1771 of:
 - (A) 50% of the maximum amount allowed by the local zone administrator; or
 - (B) the allocated cap amount determined by the office under Subsection 63N-2-304(5).
 - (b) A business applicant may apply to the local zone administrator to claim a targeted business income tax credit allowed under this part for each community investment project provided by the business applicant as the basis for its eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit.
 - (4) Subject to other provisions of this section, the local zone administrator shall establish for each business applicant that qualifies for a targeted business income tax credit:
 - (a) criteria for maintaining eligibility for the targeted business income tax credit that are reasonably related to the community investment project that is the basis for the business applicant's targeted business income tax credit;
 - (b) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit the business applicant is allowed for the community investment project period;
 - (c) the time period over which the total amount of the targeted business income tax credit may be claimed;
 - (d) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business applicant will be allowed to claim each year; and
 - (e) requirements for a business applicant to report to the local zone administrator specifying:
- 1791 (i) the frequency of the business applicant's reports to the local zone administrator, 1792 which shall be made at least quarterly; and

1793 (ii) the information needed by the local zone administrator to monitor the business 1794 applicant's compliance with this Subsection (4) or Section 63N-2-304 that shall be included in 1795 the report. 1796 (5) In accordance with Subsection (4)(e), a business applicant allowed a targeted 1797 business income tax credit under this part shall report to the local zone administrator. 1798 (6) The amount of a targeted business income tax credit that a business applicant is 1799 allowed to claim for a taxable year shall be reduced by 25% for each quarter in which the office 1800 or the local zone administrator determines that the business applicant has failed to comply with 1801 a requirement of Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304. 1802 (7) The office or local zone administrator may audit a business applicant to ensure: 1803 (a) eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit; or 1804 (b) compliance with Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304. 1805 (8) The office shall issue a targeted business income tax credit eligibility form in a 1806 form jointly developed by the State Tax Commission and the office no later than 30 days after 1807 the last day of the business applicant's taxable year showing: 1808 (a) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business 1809 applicant is eligible for that taxable year; 1810 (b) any reductions in the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit 1811 because of failure to comply with a requirement of Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304; 1812 (c) the allocated cap amount that the business applicant may claim for that taxable 1813 year; and 1814 (d) the actual amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business 1815 applicant may claim for that taxable year. 1816 (9) (a) A business applicant shall retain the targeted business income tax credit 1817 eligibility form provided by the office under this Subsection (9). 1818 (b) The State Tax Commission may audit a business applicant to ensure: (i) eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit; or 1819 1820 (ii) compliance with Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304. 1821 (10) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30, 1822 2018, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by

this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be

1824	continued, modified, or repealed.
1825	(b) In conducting the review required under this Subsection (10), the Revenue and
1826	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
1827	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
1828	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under
1829	review to provide testimony;
1830	(iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations
1831	under this section include an evaluation of:
1832	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1833	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1834	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
1835	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1836	<u>Taxation Interim Committee.</u>
1837	Section 25. Section 63N-2-810 is amended to read:
1838	63N-2-810. Reports on tax credit certificates Study by legislative committees.
1839	[(1)] The office shall include the following information in the annual written report
1840	described in Section 63N-1-301:
1841	$[\frac{(a)}{(1)}]$ the total amount listed on tax credit certificates the office issues under this
1842	part;
1843	[(b)] (2) the criteria that the office uses in prioritizing the issuance of tax credits
1844	amongst tax credit applicants under this part; and
1845	[(c)] (3) the economic impact on the state related to providing tax credits under this
1846	part.
1847	[(2) (a) On or before November 1, 2016, and every five years after November 1, 2016,
1848	the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall:
1849	[(i) study the tax credits allowed under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and
1850	59-10-1109; and]
1851	[(ii) make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued,
1852	modified, or repealed.]
1853	[(b) The study under Subsection (2)(a) shall include an evaluation of:]
1854	(i) the cost of the tax credits under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and

1855	59-10-1109;]
1856	[(ii) the purposes and effectiveness of the tax credits; and]
1857	[(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits.]
1858	Section 26. Coordinating H.B. 310 with H.B. 26 Substantive and technical
1859	amendments.
1860	If this H.B. 310 and H.B. 26, Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee Report
1861	Amendments, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of
1862	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication
1863	by amending Subsection 63N-2-810(2) to read:
1864	"(2) (a) [On or before November 1, 2016, and every five years after November 1, 2016]
1865	In accordance with Sections 59-7-159 and 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
1866	Committee shall:
1867	(i) study the tax credits allowed under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and
1868	59-10-1109; and
1869	(ii) make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued,
1870	modified, or repealed.
1871	[(b) The study under Subsection (2)(a) shall include an evaluation of:]
1872	(i) the cost of the tax credits under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and
1873	59-10-1109;]
1874	[(ii) the purposes and effectiveness of the tax credits; and]
1875	[(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits.]
1876	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (2), the office shall provide
1877	the following information to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means:
1878	(i) the amount of tax credits that the office grants to each eligible business entity for
1879	each taxable year;
1880	(ii) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues generated by each eligible product or
1881	project;
1882	(iii) estimates for each of the next three calendar years of the following:
1883	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
1884	(B) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues that will be generated; and
1885	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;

1886	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1887	Section 63N-2-705; and
1888	(v) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1889	(c) As a part of the study required by this Subsection (2), the Office of the Legislative
1890	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1891	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1892	office under Subsection (2)(b).
1893	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue and
1894	Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (2)(a) include an evaluation
1895	<u>of:</u>
1896	(i) the cost of the tax credits under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and 59-10-1109;
1897	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and
1898	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits."
1899	Section 27. Coordinating H.B. 310 with H.B. 31 Substantive and technical
1900	amendments.
1901	If this H.B. 310 and H.B. 31, Enterprise Zone Amendments, both pass and become law
1902	it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel
1903	shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication by:
1904	(1) modifying Subsection 59-7-159(3)(c) to add a new (iii) to read:
1905	"(iii) Section 59-7-614.10;";
1906	(2) modifying Subsection 59-7-614.10(6) to read:
1907	"(6) (a) In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
1908	Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
1909	concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
1910	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide
1911	by electronic means the following information for each calendar year to the Office of the
1912	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
1913	(i) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;
1914	(ii) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in
1915	each development zone;
1916	(iii) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each

191/	development zone;
1918	(iv) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or other
1919	depreciable property in each development zone;
1920	(v) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report to the
1921	Legislature under Section 63N-1-301; and
1922	(vi) other information as requested by the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
1923	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (6), the Office of the Legislative
1924	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1925	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1926	office under Subsection (6)(b).
1927	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue and
1928	Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation
1929	<u>of:</u>
1930	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1931	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1932	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.";
1933	(3) modifying Subsection 59-10-137(3)(c) to add a new (x) to read:
1934	"(x) Section 59-10-1036; and";
1935	(4) modifying Subsection 59-10-1036(6) to read:
1936	"(6) (a) In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
1937	Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
1938	concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
1939	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide
1940	by electronic means the following information for each calendar year to the Office of the
1941	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
1942	(i) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;
1943	(ii) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in
1944	each development zone;
1945	(iii) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each
1946	development zone;
1947	(iv) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or other

1948	depreciable property in each development zone;
1949	(v) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report to the
1950	Legislature under Section 63N-1-301; and
1951	(vi) other information as requested by the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
1952	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (6), the Office of the Legislative
1953	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1954	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1955	office under Subsection (6)(b).
1956	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue and
1957	Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation
1958	<u>of:</u>
1959	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1960	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1961	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit."; and
1962	(5) eliminating Subsection 63N-2-213(7) in H.B. 310, Tax Credit Review
1963	Amendments.
1964	Section 28. Coordinating H.B. 310 with H.B. 26 and S.B. 171 Substantive and
1965	technical amendments.
1966	If this H.B. 310, H.B. 26, Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee Report
1967	Amendments, and S.B. 171, Economic Development Tax Credits Amendments, all pass and
1968	become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and
1969	General Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication by amending Subsection
1970	63N-2-810(2) to read:
1971	"(2) (a) [On or before November 1, 2016, and every five years after November 1, 2016]
1972	<u>In accordance with Section 59-10-137</u> , the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall:
1973	(i) study the tax [credits] credit allowed under [Sections 59-7-614.6,] Section
1974	59-10-1025[, and 59-10-1109]; and
1975	(ii) make recommendations concerning whether the tax [credits] credit should be
1976	continued, modified, or repealed.
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19//	[(b) The study under Subsection (2)(a) shall include an evaluation of:]
1978	[(b) The study under Subsection (2)(a) shall include an evaluation of:] [(i) the cost of the tax credits under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and

1979	59-10-1109;]
1980	[(ii) the purposes and effectiveness of the tax credits; and]
1981	[(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits.]
1982	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (2), the office shall provide
1983	the following information to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means:
1984	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each eligible business entity for
1985	each taxable year;
1986	(ii) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues generated by each eligible product or
1987	project;
1988	(iii) estimates for each of the next three calendar years of the following:
1989	(A) the amount of tax credit that the office will grant;
1990	(B) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues that will be generated; and
1991	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
1992	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1993	Section 63N-2-705; and
1994	(v) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1995	(c) As a part of the study required by this Subsection (2), the Office of the Legislative
1996	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1997	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1998	office under Subsection (2)(b).
1999	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue and
2000	Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (2)(a) include an evaluation
2001	<u>of:</u>
2002	(i) the cost of the tax credit under Section 59-10-1025;
2003	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
2004	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit "